

Sec. 4, W $\frac{1}{2}$ SW $\frac{1}{4}$;
 Sec. 5, SW $\frac{1}{4}$ SW $\frac{1}{4}$;
 Sec. 6, lot 6, NE $\frac{1}{4}$ SW $\frac{1}{4}$, and SE $\frac{1}{4}$ SE $\frac{1}{4}$;
 Sec. 7, lot 1, N $\frac{1}{2}$ NE $\frac{1}{4}$, and NE $\frac{1}{4}$ NW $\frac{1}{4}$;
 Sec. 8, E $\frac{1}{2}$ NE $\frac{1}{4}$, NW $\frac{1}{4}$ NE $\frac{1}{4}$, and W $\frac{1}{2}$ NW $\frac{1}{4}$;
 Sec. 9, NW $\frac{1}{4}$ NW $\frac{1}{4}$;
 Sec. 14, S $\frac{1}{2}$ SW $\frac{1}{4}$;
 Sec. 18, N $\frac{1}{2}$ NE $\frac{1}{4}$;
 Sec. 19, lots 1 to 9, inclusive, N $\frac{1}{2}$ NE $\frac{1}{4}$, NE $\frac{1}{4}$ NW $\frac{1}{4}$, SE $\frac{1}{4}$ SW $\frac{1}{4}$, and SW $\frac{1}{4}$ SE $\frac{1}{4}$;
 Sec. 20 lots 1 to 5, inclusive, N $\frac{1}{2}$, N $\frac{1}{2}$ SE $\frac{1}{4}$;
 Sec. 21, N $\frac{1}{2}$ N $\frac{1}{2}$, SE $\frac{1}{4}$ NE $\frac{1}{4}$, N $\frac{1}{2}$ SW $\frac{1}{4}$, and SE $\frac{1}{4}$ SE $\frac{1}{4}$;
 Sec. 22, W $\frac{1}{2}$ NW $\frac{1}{4}$, and E $\frac{1}{2}$ SE $\frac{1}{4}$;
 Sec. 23, W $\frac{1}{2}$ NE $\frac{1}{4}$, SE $\frac{1}{4}$ NE $\frac{1}{4}$, NE $\frac{1}{4}$ NW $\frac{1}{4}$, S $\frac{1}{2}$ SW $\frac{1}{4}$, and SW $\frac{1}{4}$ SE $\frac{1}{4}$;
 Sec. 26, NW $\frac{1}{4}$ NW $\frac{1}{4}$;
 Sec. 27, W $\frac{1}{2}$ W $\frac{1}{2}$, SE $\frac{1}{4}$ SW $\frac{1}{4}$, and SW $\frac{1}{4}$ SE $\frac{1}{4}$;
 Sec. 28, SE $\frac{1}{4}$ NE $\frac{1}{4}$ and SE $\frac{1}{4}$;
 Sec. 29, lots 1 to 5, inclusive, lots 7 to 10, inclusive, SW $\frac{1}{4}$ NW $\frac{1}{4}$, N $\frac{1}{2}$ SW $\frac{1}{4}$, and SW $\frac{1}{4}$ SW $\frac{1}{4}$;
 Sec. 30, lots 1 to 4, inclusive, E $\frac{1}{2}$, and E $\frac{1}{2}$ W $\frac{1}{2}$;
 Sec. 31, lots 1 to 4, inclusive, MS 3418, E $\frac{1}{2}$, NE $\frac{1}{4}$ NW $\frac{1}{4}$, and SE $\frac{1}{4}$ SW $\frac{1}{4}$;
 Sec. 32, lots 1 to 5, inclusive, E $\frac{1}{2}$ NE $\frac{1}{4}$, SW $\frac{1}{4}$ NE $\frac{1}{4}$;
 Sec. 34, N $\frac{1}{2}$ NE $\frac{1}{4}$.
 T. 37 N., R. 5 E.,
 Sec. 29, SE $\frac{1}{4}$ SE $\frac{1}{4}$;
 Sec. 30, SE $\frac{1}{4}$ SW $\frac{1}{4}$.

The areas described aggregate approximately 19,764.74 acres in Toole and Liberty Counties, Montana.

The purpose of the proposed withdrawal is to preserve the status quo for the above described public lands, which are either located within or border the Sweet Grass Hills Area of Critical Environmental Concern. The specific objective of this proposal is to protect high value potential habitat for reintroduction of endangered peregrine falcons, areas of traditional religious importance to Native Americans, aquifers that currently provide the only potable water in the area, and seasonally important elk and deer habitat, pending consideration of proposed withdrawal legislation introduced into the 104th Congress, 1st Session. This legislation would, among other things, protect the above described lands and associated resource values from the location of new mining claims.

A withdrawal application, when filed, will be processed in accordance with the regulations set forth in 43 CFR part 2300.

For a period of 2 years from the date of publication of this notice in the **Federal Register**, the above described public lands will be segregated temporarily from location and entry under the United States mining laws, subject to valid existing rights, unless the application is denied or canceled or

the withdrawal is approved prior to the end of the segregation period.

The temporary uses which may be permitted during this segregative period are those that are currently permitted, including but not limited to the collection of mineral data necessary to determine the validity of existing mining claims, maintenance of existing communication sites, acceptance of applications for new communication sites on East Butte, and activities which will not disturb the surface (such as hunting, hiking, camping, Native American religious practices, water sampling, and vegetation inventories). The existing road closure that is in effect for the Sweet Grass Hills will not be continued. Limited motorized use is available by permit only to livestock ranchers with leases and selected State and Federal government activities. Exploration and development on existing oil and gas leases, minor forest product sales, such as post and pole sales, livestock grazing on existing leases, and maintenance and repair of livestock facilities are allowed. Applications will also be accepted for supporting rights-of-way for local ranching and domestic needs.

Dated: July 24, 1995.

Bob Armstrong,

Assistant Secretary of the Interior.

[FR Doc. 95-18509 Filed 7-27-95; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4310-DN-P

Minerals Management Service

Outer Continental Shelf, Central Gulf of Mexico, Oil and Gas Lease Sale 152—Extension

AGENCY: Minerals Management Service, Interior.

ACTION: Notice to extend post-sale evaluation period for Central Gulf of Mexico Lease Sale 142.

SUMMARY: This notice extends by 14 days, the post-sale evaluation period for Central Gulf of Mexico Lease Sale 152. The lease notice was published in the **Federal Register** on April 7, 1995 (60 FR 17797). The Minerals Management Service (MMS) will complete evaluating all the bids received in this sale by August 22, 1995. On May 10, 1995, a record rainfall severely flooded the New Orleans area. The post-sale bid evaluation process has experienced delays because of water damage to the Gulf of Mexico regional office. MMS needs this extension to properly evaluate the bids received.

DATES: The post-sale evaluation period ends on August 22, 1995.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:

John Mirabella or Kumkum Ray, Engineering and Standards Branch, telephone (703) 787-1600.

Dated: July 21, 1995.

Richard J. Glynn,

Associate Director for Offshore Minerals Management (Acting).

[FR Doc. 95-18508 Filed 7-27-95; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4310-MR-M

DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

Employment Standards Administration

Wage and Hour Division

Minimum Wages for Federal and Federally Assisted Construction; General Wage Determination Decisions

General wage determination decisions of the Secretary of Labor are issued in accordance with applicable law and are based on the information obtained by the Department of Labor from its study of local wage conditions and data made available from other sources. They specify the basic hourly wage rates and fringe benefits which are determined to be prevailing for the described classes of laborers and mechanics employed on construction projects of a similar character and in the localities specified therein.

The determinations in these decisions of prevailing rates and fringe benefits have been made in accordance with 29 CFR part 1, by authority of the Secretary of Labor pursuant to the provisions of the Davis-Bacon Act of March 3, 1931, as amended (46 Stat. 1494, as amended, 40 U.S.C. 276a) and of other Federal statutes referred to in 29 CFR part 1, appendix, as well as such additional statutes as may from time to time be enacted containing provisions for the payment of wages determined to be prevailing by the Secretary of Labor in accordance with the Davis-Bacon Act. The prevailing rates and fringe benefits determined in these decisions shall, in accordance with the provisions of the foregoing statutes, constitute the minimum wages payable on Federal and federally assisted construction projects to laborers and mechanics of the specified classes engaged on contract work of the character and in the localities described therein.

Good cause is hereby found for not utilizing notice and public comment procedure thereon prior to the issuance of these determinations as prescribed in 5 U.S.C. 553 and not providing for delay in the effective date as prescribed in that section, because the necessity to issue current construction industry wage determinations frequently and in large